# SAFETY DATA SHEET Super-Ox 35%

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**SDS #**: 7722-84-1-35-10 **Revision date**: 2024-04-02

Version 1.05

# 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

**Product Identifier** 

Product Name Super-Ox 35%

Other means of identification

**CAS-No** 7722-84-1

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended Use: Industrial applications such as bleaching, processing, pollution abatement and

general oxidation reactions. Formulated to have high stability under standard

storage conditions.

Restrictions on Use: Use as recommended by the label

Manufacturer/Supplier United Initiators Canada Ltd.

2147 PG Pulp Mill Road Prince George, BC V2N2S6

1+ 250/ 561-4200 (General Information)

**Emergency telephone number** For leak, fire, spill or accident emergencies, call:

+1-613-996-6666 (CANUTEC - Canada) +1-800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC - U.S.A.)

+1-703-527-3887 (CHEMTREC - World - Collect) +1-303-389-1409 (Medical - U.S.A - Collect) +1-250-561-4221 (Prince George, BC, Site)

# 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

# Classification

## **OSHA Regulatory Status**

This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Acute toxicity - Oral	Category 4
Acute toxicity - Inhalation (Vapors)	Category 4
Skin irritation	Category 2
Serious eye damage	Category 1
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	Category 3
Oxidizing Liquids	Category 2

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## GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

## **EMERGENCY OVERVIEW**

# Danger

# Hazard Statements

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H332 - Harmful if inhaled

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H272 - May intensify fire; oxidizer



## **Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

P261 - Avoid breathing mist/vapors/spray

P280 - Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection

P210 - Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking

P220 - Keep/Store away from clothing/flammable materials/combustibles

P221 - Take any precaution to avoid mixing with combustibles/flammables

#### **Precautionary Statements - Response**

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy

to do. Continue rinsing

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water

P332 + P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice / attention

P362 + P364 - Take off all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell

P301 + P312 - IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell

P330 - Rinse mouth

P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use water for extinction

#### Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

No hazards not otherwise classified were identified.

## Other Information

Keep container in a cool place out of direct sunlight. Store only in vented containers. Do not store on wooden pallets. Do not return unused material to its original container. Avoid contamination - Contamination could cause decomposition and generation of oxygen which may result in high pressure and possible container rupture. Empty drums should be triple rinsed with water before discarding.

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## 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Formula HO - OH

Chemical name	CAS-No	Weight %
Hydrogen peroxide	7722-84-1	35
Water	7732-18-5	65

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in section 8

# 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**Eye Contact** Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing. Seek

immediate medical attention/advice.

**Skin Contact**Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20

minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

**Inhalation** Move to fresh air. If person is not breathing, contact emergency medical services, then give

artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or

doctor for further treatment advice.

**Ingestion** Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If conscious, give 2 glasses of water. Get immediate

medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

In case of accidental ingestion, necrosis may result from mucous membrane burns (mouth, esophagus and stomach). Oxygen rapid release may cause stomach swelling and hemorrhaging, which may produce major, or even fatal, injury to organs if a large amount

has been ingested.

In case of skin contact, may cause burns, erythema, blisters or even necrosis. Hydrogen Peroxide irritates respiratory system and, if inhaled, may cause inflammation and

pulmonary edema. The effects may not be immediate.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment

needed, if necessary

Hydrogen peroxide at these concentrations is a strong oxidant. Direct contact with the eye is likely to cause corneal damage especially if not washed immediately. Careful opthalmologic evaluation is recommended and the possibility of local corticosteroid therapy should be considered. Because of the likelihood of corrosive effects on the gastrointestinal

tract after ingestion, and the unlikelihood of systemic effects, attemps at evacuating the stomach via emesis induction or gastric lavage should be avoided. There is a remote possibility, however, that a nasogastric or orogastric tube may be required for the reduction

of severe distension due to gas formation.

# 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media Water. Do not use any other substance.

**Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical** 

In closed unventilated containers, risk of rupture due to the increased pressure from

decomposition.

Flamable Properties Contact with combustible material may cause fire.

Hazardous Combustion Products On decomposition product releases oxygen which may intensify fire.

**Explosion data** 

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact Sensitivity to Static Discharge Not sensitive. Not sensitive.

Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Use water spray to cool fire exposed surfaces and protect personnel. Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk. As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective gear.

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# 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wear personal protective equipment. Isolate and

post spill area. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all sources of

ignition and remove combustible materials.

Other Combustible materials exposed to hydrogen peroxide should be immediately submerged in

or rinsed with large amounts of water to ensure that all hydrogen peroxide is removed. Residual hydrogen peroxide that is allowed to dry (upon evaporation hydrogen peroxide can concentrate) on organic materials such as paper, fabrics, cotton, leather, wood or other

combustibles can cause the material to ignite and result in fire.

**Environmental Precautions** Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system; if discharged into sewers or

watercourses, dilute with plenty of water. See Section 12 for additional Ecological

Information.

Methods for Containment Dike to collect large liquid spills. Stop leak and contain spill if this can be done safely. Small

spillage: Dilute with large quantities of water.

Methods for cleaning up Flush area with flooding quantities of water. Hydrogen peroxide may be decomposed by

adding sodium metabisulfite or sodium sulfite after diluting to about 5%.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Handling**Use only in well-ventilated areas. Keep/Store away from clothing/ combustible materials.

Wear personal protective equipment. Never return unused hydrogen peroxide to original container. Contamination may cause decomposition and generation of oxygen gas which could result in high pressures and possible container rupture. Empty drums should be triple rinsed with water before discarding. Utensils used for handling hydrogen peroxide should only be made of glass, stainless steel, aluminum or plastic. Pipes and equipment should be passivated before first use. Hydrogen peroxide should be stored only in vented containers

and transferred only in a prescribed manner.

Storage Keep containers in cool areas out of direct sunlight and away from combustibles. Provide

mechanical general and/or local exhaust ventilation to prevent release of vapor or mist into work environment. Containers must be vented. Keep/store only in original container. Store rooms or warehouses should be made of non-combustible materials with impermeable floors. In case of release, spillage should flow to safe area. Containers should be visually inspected on a regular basis to detect any abnormalities (swollen drums, increases in

temperature, etc.).

Incompatible products

Combustible materials. Copper alloys, galvanized iron. Strong reducing agents. Heavy metals. Iron. Copper alloys. Contact with metals, metallic ions, alkalis, reducing agents and

organic matter (such as alcohols or terpenes) may produce self-accelerated thermal

decomposition.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

**Exposure Guidelines** Ingredients with workplace control parameters.

Chemical name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH	Mexico
Hydrogen peroxide	TWA: 1 ppm	TWA: 1 ppm	IDLH: 75 ppm	Mexico: TWA 1 ppm
7722-84-1		TWA: 1.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 1 ppm	
			TWA: 1.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Chemical name	British Columbia	Quebec	Ontario TWAEV	Alberta
Hydrogen peroxide	TWA: 1 ppm	TWA: 1 ppm	TWA: 1 ppm	TWA: 1 ppm
7722-84-1		TWA: 1.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		TWA: 1.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
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## **Appropriate engineering controls**

**Engineering measures** Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/Face Protection Use chemical splash-type monogoggles and a full-face shield made of polycarbonate,

acetate, polycarbonate/acetate, PETG or thermoplastic.

Skin and Body Protection For body protection wear impervious clothing such as an approved splash protective suit

made of SBR rubber, PVC (PVC Outershell w/Polyester Substrate), Gore-Tex (Polyester trilaminate w/Gore-Tex), or a specialized HAZMAT Splash or Protective Suite (Level A, B, or C). For foot protection, wear approved boots made of NBR, PVC, Polyurethane, or neoprene. Overboots made of Latex or PVC, as well as firefighter boots or specialized HAZMAT boots are also permitted. DO NOT wear any form of boot or overboot made of nylon or nylon blends. DO NOT USE cotton, wool or leather as these materials react rapidly with higher concentrations of hydrogen peroxide. Completely submerge hydrogen peroxide contaminated clothing or other materials in water prior to drying. Residual hydrogen peroxide, if allowed to dry on materials such as paper, fabrics, cotton, leather, wood or other combustibles, can cause the material to ignite and result in a fire.

Hand Protection For hand protection, wear approved gloves made of nitrile, PVC, or neoprene. DO NOT

use cotton, wool or leather for these materials react RAPIDLY with higher concentrations of hydrogen peroxide. Thoroughly rinse the outside of gloves with water prior to removal.

Inspect regularly for leaks.

Respiratory Protection If concentrations in excess of 10 ppm are expected, use NIOSH/DHHS approved

self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) or other approved air-supplied respirator (ASR) equipment (e.g., a full-face airline respirator (ALR)). DO NOT use any form of air-purifying respirator (APR) or filtering facepiece (dust mask), especially those containing oxidizable

sorbants such as activated carbon.

Hygiene measures Avoid breathing vapors, mist or gas. Clean water should be available for washing in case of

eye or skin contamination.

**General information** Protective engineering solutions should be implemented and in use before personal

protective equipment is considered.

# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

## Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Clear, colorless liquid

Physical State
Color
Color
Odor
Odor threshold
pH
Liquid
Colorless
Odorless
Odorless
Not applicable
<= 3.7

Melting point/freezing point -33 °C
Boiling Point/Range 108 °C
Flash point Not flammable

Evaporation Rate > 1 (n-butyl acetate=1)

Flammability (solid, gas) Not flammable Flammability Limit in Air Not applicable

Upper flammability limit:
Lower flammability limit:
Vapor pressure
Vapor density
Density

No information available
No information available
23 mm Hg @ 30 °C
No information available
1.13 g/cm³ @ 20 °C

Specific gravity 1.13

Water solubility Completely soluble
Solubility in other solvents No information available

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Partition coefficient log Kow = -1.5 @ 20 °C
Autoignition temperature Not combustible
Decomposition temperature
Viscosity, kinematic 1.10 °C (adiabatic)
Viscosity, dynamic No information available
Explosive properties No information available
Oxidizing properties Powerful oxidizer

Molecular weight34Active Oxygen Content16.5%Bulk densityNot applicable

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**Reactivity** Reactive and oxidizing agent.

Chemical Stability Stable under normal conditions. Decomposes on heating. Stable under recommended

storage conditions.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions Contact with organic substances may cause fire or explosion. Contact with metals, metallic

ions, alkalis, reducing agents and organic matter (such as alcohols or terpenes) may

produce self-accelerated thermal decomposition.

**Hazardous polymerization** Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** Excessive heat; Contamination; Exposure to UV-rays; pH variations.

Incompatible materials Combustible materials. Copper alloys, galvanized iron. Strong reducing agents. Heavy

metals. Iron. Copper alloys. Contact with metals, metallic ions, alkalis, reducing agents and organic matter (such as alcohols or terpenes) may produce self-accelerated thermal

decomposition.

Hazardous Decomposition Products Oxygen which supports combustion. Liable to produce overpressure in container.

# 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Product Information

**LD50 Dermal** 

**LD50 Oral** 50% solution: LD50 > 225 mg/kg bw (rat)

35 % solution:LD50 1193 mg/kg bw (rat) 70 % solution: LD50 1026 mg/kg bw (rat) 35% solution: LD50 > 2000 mg/kg bw (rabbit)

70 % solution: LD50 9200 mg/kg bw (rabbit) **LC50 Inhalation**50% solution: LC50 > 170 mg/m³ (rat) (4-hr)

Hydrogen Peroxide vapors: LC0 9400 mg/m³ (mouse) (5 - 15 minutes)

Hydrogen Peroxide vapors: LC50 > 2160 mg/m³ (mouse)

Serious eve damage/eve irritation

Skin corrosion/irritation

Corrosive. Risk of serious damage to eyes.

Moderately irritating (rabbit).

**Sensitization** Did not cause sensitization on laboratory animals.

Information on toxicological effects

**Symptoms** Vapors, mists, or aerosols of hydrogen peroxide can cause upper airway irritation,

inflammation of the nose, hoarseness, shortness of breath, and a sensation of burning or tightness in the chest. Prolonged exposure to concentrated vapor or to dilute solutions can cause irritation and temporary bleaching of skin and hair. Exposure to vapor, mist, or

aerosol can cause stinging pain and tearing of eyes.

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# Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Carcinogenicity This product contains hydrogen peroxide. The International Agency for Research on

Cancer (IARC) has concluded that there is inadequate evidence for carcinogenicity of hydrogen peroxide in humans, but limited evidence in experimental animals (Group 3 - not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans). The American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) has concluded that hydrogen peroxide is a

'Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans' (A3).

Chemical name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
Hydrogen peroxide 7722-84-1	А3	3		

This product is not recognized as mutagenic by Research Agencies. Mutagenicity

In vivo tests did not show mutagenic effects.

Reproductive toxicity No toxicity to reproduction in animal studies.

May cause respiratory irritation. STOT - single exposure

Not classified. STOT - repeated exposure

Eyes, Respiratory System, Skin. Target organ effects

No information available. **Aspiration hazard** 

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Ecotoxicity** 

Hydrogen peroxide is naturally produced by sunlight (between 0.1 and 4 ppb in air and **Ecotoxicity effects** 0.001 to 0.1 mg/L in water). Not expected to have significant environmental effects.

Hydrogen peroxide (772	2-84-1)			
Active Ingredient(s)	Duration	Species	Value	Units
Hydrogen peroxide	96 h LC50	Fish Pimephales promelas	16.4	mg/L
Hydrogen peroxide	72 h LC50	Fish Leuciscus idus	35	mg/L
Hydrogen peroxide	48 h EC50	Daphnia pulex	2.4	mg/L
Hydrogen peroxide	24 h EC50	Daphnia magna	7.7	mg/L
Hydrogen peroxide	72 h EC50	Algae Skeletonema costatum	1.38	mg/L
Hydrogen peroxide	21 d NOEC	Daphnia magna	0.63	mg/L

Persistence and degradability Hydrogen peroxide in the aquatic environment is subject to various reduction or oxidation

> processes and decomposes into water and oxygen. Hydrogen peroxide half-life in freshwater ranged from 8 hours to 20 days, in air from 10 - 20 hours, and in soils from minutes to hours depending upon microbiological activity and metal contamination.

Bioaccumulation Material may have some potential to bioaccumulate but will likely degrade in most

environments before accumulation can occur.

**Mobility** Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its water solubility but will likely degrade over

time.

Other Adverse Effects Decomposes into oxygen and water. No adverse effects.

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## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Can be disposed as waste water, when in

compliance with local regulations.

US EPA Waste Number D001

**Contaminated Packaging** Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Drums - Empty as thoroughly as possible. Triple rinse drums before disposal. Avoid contamination; impurities accelerate decomposition. Never return product to original

container.

# 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT

**UN/ID no** UN 2014

Proper Shipping Name HYDROGEN PEROXIDE, AQUEOUS SOLUTION, STABILIZED

Hazard class 5.1 Subsidiary class 8 Packing Group II

TDG

**UN/ID no** UN 2014

Proper Shipping Name HYDROGEN PEROXIDE, AQUEOUS SOLUTION, STABILIZED

Hazard class 5.1 Subsidiary class 8 Packing Group II

ICAO/IATA Air regulation permit shipment of Hydrogen Peroxide (>40%) in non-vented containers

for Air Cargo Only aircraft, as well as for Passenger and Cargo aircraft. HOWEVER, all Hydrogen Peroxide containers are vented and therefore, air shipments of H2O2 are not permitted. IATA air regulations state that venting of packages containing oxidizing

substances is not permitted for air transport.

IMDG/IMO

UN/ID no UN 2014

Proper Shipping Name HYDROGEN PEROXIDE, AQUEOUS SOLUTION, STABILIZED

Hazard class 5.1 Subsidiary Hazard Class 8 Packing Group II

OTHER INFORMATION Protect from physical damage. Keep drums in upright position. Drums should not be

stacked in transit. Do not store drums on wooden pallets.

# 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

# U.S. Federal Regulations

# **SARA 313**

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product does not contain any chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372

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# SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

This product has the following hazards that are reportable under The Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know rule (EPCRA Tier II):

- Oxidizer
- Acute toxicity
- · Serious eye damage/eye irritation
- Skin corrosion/irritation
- Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) Single Exposure

### **Clean Water Act**

This product does not contain any substances regulated as pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42)

# **CERCLA/EPCRA**

This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) or as an extremely hazardous substance (EHS) under the Emergency Planning and Community Right to Know Act (EPCRA) / Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA). This material, assupplied, does not contain any substances regulated as hazardous substances under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302) or the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) (40 CFR 355). There may be specific reporting requirements at the local, regional, or state level pertaining to releases of this material.

Chemical name	CERCLA Hazardous	SARA Sec 304	SARA Section 302
	Substances RQs (40 CFR 302.4)	Extremely Hazardous Substance RQ (40 CFR 355 Appendix A)	EHS Threshold Planning Quantity (40 CFR 355)
Hydrogen peroxide 7722-84-1		1000 lb	1000 lb

Hydrogen Peroxide RQ is for concentrations of > 52% only

## **US State Regulations**

## U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

This product contains the following substances regulated under state Right-to-Know laws:

Chemical name	Massachusetts	New Jersey	Pennsylvania	Illinois	Rhode Island
Hydrogen peroxide	Х	X	X		X

#### **California Proposition 65**

This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals

## **CANADA**

# **Environmental Emergencies**

Component	Canada - Environmental	Canada - Environmental	Canada - Environmental	Canada - Environmental
	Emergencies - Part 1	Emergencies - Part 1	Emergencies - Part 2	Emergencies - Part 2
	Substances -	Substances -	Substances -	Substances -
	Substances Likely to	Substances Likely to	Substances Hazardous	Substances Hazardous
	Explode - Minimum	Explode - Minimum	When Inhaled - Minimum	When Inhaled - Minimum
	Threshold Quantities	Mixture Concentrations	Threshold Quantities	Mixture Concentrations
Hydrogen peroxide			3.40 tonnes Minimum	52
7722-84-1			quantity	

# **Canadian National Pollutant Release Inventory**

This product contains no substances reportable under Canada's National Pollutant Release Inventory regulations.

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# **International Inventories**

Component	TSCA (United States)	DSL (Canada)	EINECS/EL INCS (Europe)	ENCS (Japan)	China (IECSC)	KECL (Korea)	PICCS (Philippines )	AICS (Australia)	NZIoC (New Zealand)
Hydrogen peroxide 7722-84-1	X	X	231-765-0	X	Х	X	X	Х	Х

#### Mexico

Mexico - Grade Serious risk, Grade 3

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NFPA	Health Hazards 3	Flammability 0	Stability 1	Special Hazards OX
HMIS	Health Hazards 3	Flammability 0	Physical hazard 1	Special precautions H

NFPA/HMIS Ratings Legend Severe = 4; Serious = 3; Moderate = 2; Slight = 1; Minimal = 0

Special Hazards: OX = Oxidizer

Protection = H (Safety goggles, gloves, apron, the use of supplied air or SCBA respirator is

required in lieu of a vapor cartridge respirator)

Uniform Fire Code Oxidizer: Class 2--Liquid

**Revision date:** 2024-04-02

Revision note SDS sections updated: 2 - Skin Irritation - removed Corrosion and subcategory B. Eye

damage - removed eye irritation

## Disclaimer

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# Prepared By:

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End of Safety Data Sheet